Whole school reading overview and progression 2023-2024

	EYFS	
	Reading — Word reading	
	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?
Phonics and decoding	Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter—sound correspondences. Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them. Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least IO digraphs Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending	Nursery -Focus on communication and language skills -Phonological awareness — using oral blending, recognizing initial sounds -Phonics using Letters and Sounds Phase One and RWI -Storytelling, songs, rhymes and poems -Daily story time Reception -Phonics teaching — RWI -Differentiated groups, whereby any child below their reading age is having intervention, and where children above expected are being moved onStorytelling, songs, rhymes and poems
Common Exception Words/ HFW	To read some common irregular words matched to RWI To read other high frequency words within EYFS expectations	-Daily story time -Daily high frequency words practice -Daily individual reading with books appropriate to the reading age of the child which include targeted sounds they are developing and can recognize.
Fluency	Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge	

Text				
Tiny Twos	Nursery	Reception		
That's not my baby by Fiona Watt	Please & Thank You: A Pirate Pete and	The Colour Monster by Anna Llenas		
Spot Loves His Mummy By Eric Hill	Princess Polly Book — Andrea Pinnington	Today I am Strong by Nadiya Hussain		
Spot Loves His Daddy by Eric Hill	Sharing Time — Elizabeth Verdick	Meesha Makes Friends by Tom Percival		
I Love You to the Moon and Back by Little Tiger Press	This Is Our House — Michael Rosen	Aliens Love Underpants by Claire Freedman		
Hello Friend by Rebecca Cobb	Whatever Next — Jill Murphy	The Smeds and the Smoos by Julia Donaldson		
Ten Little Fingers and Ten Little Toes by Mem Fox	Night Monkey, Day Monkey — Julia Donaldson	Percy the Park Keeper — The Lost Acorns by Nick Butterworth		
Topsy and Tim: Halloween Party by Jean Adamson	We're Going On A Leaf Hunt — Steve Metzger	The Squirrels Who Squabbled by Rachel Bright		
Peppa Piq: Peppa's Diwlai by Peppa Piq	Autumn — Ailie Busby	Rama and Sita by Malachy Doyle		
My Very First Book of Colours by Eric Carle	Let's Celebrate 5 Days of Diwali! — Anjanta	Witches and Wizards		
What Colour Am I? by Webber Books	Chakraborty & Vivek Kumar	Room on the Broom by Julia Donaldson		
Wow said the Owl by Tim Hopgood	Bonfire Night Poem	Winne the Witch by Korky Paul and Valerie Thomas		
Topsy and Tim: Meet Father Christmas by Jean Adamson	The Gingerbread Man	Potion Commotion by Peter Bently and Sernur Isik		
Dear Santa by Rod Campbell	The Three Billy Goats Gruff	Stickman bu Julia Donaldson		
There Was An Old Lady Who Swallowed A Fly by Pam Adams	Jack and the Beanstalk	Mog's Christmas Calamity by Judith Kerr		
Each, Peach, Pear Plum by Janet and Allan Ahlberg	Kipper's Christmas Eve — Mick Inkpen	The Nativity Story		
Pip the Dog and Freddy the Frog by Axel Scheffler	A Christmas Story – Brian Wildsmith	One Snowy Night by Nick Butterworth		
Fox's Socks by Julia Donaldosn	We're Going on a Bear Hunt by Michael Rosen	The Gruffalo's Child by Julia Donaldson		
Postman Bear by Julia Donaldson	Giraffe's Can't Dance by Giles Andreae	Healthy Me		
What Do the Animals Say? by Books for Little Ones	The Gruffalo by Julia Donaldson	Lunchbox — The story of your food by Chris Butterworth		
Who's on the Farm? By Julia Donaldson	What the Ladybird Heard by Julia Donaldson	Why Should I Brush My Teeth? By Usborne Books		
Oh Dear by Rod Campell	Dinosaurs Roar by Paul Stickland	The Jolly Postman by Janet and Allen Ahlberg		
That's Not my Goat by Fiona Watt	Stomp, Chomp, Big Roars! Here come the Dinosaurs by Kay	Love Monster by Rachel Bright		
Barnyard Dance! by Sandra Boynton	Umansky	Guess How Much I Love You? By Sam McBratney		
That's Not my Chick by Fiona Watt	Mad About Dinosaurs by Giles Andreae	The Lion and the Mouse Fable		
We're Going on an Egg Hunt by Martha Mumford	Owl Babies by Martin Waddell	Monkey Puzzle by Julia Donaldson		
	We are Family by Patricia Hegarty	Rumble in the Jungle by Giles Andreae		
The Odd Egg by Emily Gravett The Feelings Book by Todd Parr	In Every House on Every Street by Jess Hitchman	The Chicken that Hatched a Cow		
Making Faces A First Book of Emotions by Abrams Appleseed	Why I Love My Mummy by Daniel Howarth	The Life Cycle of a Chick (Non-fiction)		
Who's on the Loo? by Pat-a-Cake	On the Farm	Easter Poems		
I want my Potty by Tony Ross	A Squash and a Squeeze by Julia Donaldson	Supertato by Sue Hendra and Paul Linnet		
	Farmyard Hullabaloo by Giles Andreae	Super Daisy by Kes Gray and Nick Sharratt		
Topsy and Tim: Meet the Police by Jean Adamson	Rashads Ramadan and Eid-Ul-Fitr by Lisa Bullard	Little People, Big Dreams (Rosa Parks) by Lisbeth Kaiser		
Topsy and Tim: Meet the Firefighters by Jean Adamson	Under the Ramadan Moon by Sylvia Whitman	Little People, Big Dreams (Malala Yousafzai) by Maria Isabel		
Going to the Doctor by Anna Cavardi	Mad About Minibeasts by Giles Andreae	Sanchez Vegara		
Golilocks and the Three Bears by Susanna Davidson	The Very Hungry Caterpillar by Eric Carle	Hansel and Gretel by Ailie Busby		
The Enormous Turnip by Irene Yates	From Caterpillar to Butterfly by Scholastic	Little Red Riding Hood by Mandy Ross		
The Three Little Pigs by Susanna Davidson	Why I Love my Daddy by Daniel Howarth	The Ugly Duckling by Hans Christian Andersen		
I'm Starting Nursery by Campbell Books	I love my Daddy by Giles Andreae	Cinderella and her Bossy Sisters by Mark Sperring and Barbara		
Hugless Douglas Goes to Little School by David Melling	The Rainbow Fish by Marcus Pfister	Bongini		
This is the Way We Go to School by Yu-hsuan Huang	Sharing a Shell by Julia Donaldson	The Knight who Wouldn't Fight by Helen and Thomas Docherty		
	There's a Hole in the Bottom of the Sea by Jessica Law	Zog and the Flying Doctors by Julia Donaldson		
	Commotion in the Ocean by Giles Andreae	Eddie's Garden by Sarah Garland		
	The Snail and the Whale by Julia Donaldson	The Extraordinary Gardener by Sam Boughton		
		What We'll Build by Oliver Jeffers		

EYFS						
	Reading - Comprehension					
Skills	Ob jectives	What should be seen in the classroom?				
Understandin g and correcting inaccuracies	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary; Anticipate — where appropriate — key events in stories; Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.	-Hear questions being asked to children throughout reading both whole class and individualCan you find the front cover? Can you find/point to the title/blurb? -Wordless books				
Connecting and becoming familiar with texts	Re-read these books to build up their confidence in their understanding and enjoyment.	- Regular time for children to perform to each other -Planned questioning and time to explore understanding of stories				
Non Fictio	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.					
Poetry and Performa nce	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others,					
		Question Examples				
Vocabular y	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary; - Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.	What does this word mean?				
Inference	Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions; Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding;	(Looking at pictures) What might they be feeling? How do you know?				
Predictio n	Anticipate — where appropriate — key events in stories	What might happen at the end of the story? What might happen in the story? What might happen next?				
Retr ieva L	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary	What did you find out? What can you see on the front cover?				
Sequence	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary Anticipate — where appropriate — key events in stories	Can you order these parts of the story? What happened first, next?				

	Year I				
	Reading — Word reading				
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?			
on Phonics and decoding on s/	To apply phonic knowledge to decode words To speedily read all 40+ letters/groups for 40+ phonemes To read accurately by blending taught GPC To read common suffixes (-s, -es, -ing, -ed, etc.) To read multisyllable words containing taught GPCs To read contractions and understanding use of apostrophe To read aloud phonically-decodable text To read YI common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in words.	-Phonics teaching, using Letters and Sounds that is tracked to age related expectations -Differentiated groups, whereby any child below their reading age is having intervention, and where children above expected are being moved onDaily high frequency words, precision folders -Daily individual reading with books appropriate to the reading age of the child after benchmarking which include targeted sounds they are developing and can recogniseStorytelling, songs and rhymes -Hear questions being asked to children throughout reading both whole class and individual.			
Fluency Common Exception Words/	To accurately read texts that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge, that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words. To reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.	and individual.			

	Text					
Fic	Fiction		Non-fiction		Poetry	
The Tiger Who Came to	A Squash and a Squeeze	Great Women Who	I have the right to be a	Poems about Festivals by	The Puffin Book of	
Tea by Judith Kerr	by Julia Donaldson	Worked Wonders by Kate	child by Alain Serres	Brian Moses, Kristina	Fantastic First Poems by	
		Pankhurst	-	Swarner & Various Poets	June Crebbin	
The Koala Who Could by	Rapunzel by Bethan		The Book of Bees by Piotr			
Rachel Bright	Woollvin	The Great Fire of London	Socha and Wojciech		A Great Big Cuddle:	
-		(Beginning History) by Liz	Graikowski		Poems for the Very Young	
The Deep Dark Wood by	Lost and Found by Oliver	Gogerly			by Michael Rosen and	
Algy Craig	Jeffers				Chris Riddell	
		Comprehension Ninja				
Storm Whale by Benji	Grandma Bird by Benji	-			Perfectly Peculiar Pets by	
Davies	Davis				Ellli Woollard and Anja	
					Boretzki	
Jack and the beanstalk by	Jim and the beanstalk by					
Richard Walker	Raymond Briggs					

The Grotlyn By Benji Daves			

	Year I			
	Reading - Compreher	nsion		
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?		
Understandin g and correcting inaccuracies	To check that a text makes sense to them as they read and to self-correct. To draw on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.	Daily individual reading Daily story time through class reader		
Connecting and becoming familiar with texts	To become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics To recognise and join in with predictable phrases participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say			
Non Fiction	To discuss features and layout.			
Poetry and Performanc e	learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart			
		Question Stems		
Vocabulary	discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known	 What does the wordmean in this sentence? Find and copy a word which means? What does this word or phrase tell you about? Which word in this section do you think is the most important? Why? Which of the words best describes the character/setting/mood etc? Can you think of any other words the author could have used to describe this? Why do you thinkis repeated in this section? 		
Inference	discussing the significance of the title and events making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done Developing inference though use of pictures	Why wasfeeling? Why didhappen? Why didsay? Can you explain why? What do you think the author intended when theysaid? How doesmake you feel?		

	predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	• Look at the book cover/blurb —what do you think this book will be about?
5	Promoting many magnetic mapped at the same of many many many many many many many many	• What do you think will happen next? What makes you think this?
Prediction		• How does the choice of character or setting affect what will happen next?
edi 		• What is happening? What do you think happened before? What do you
<u>4</u>		think will happen after?
		What do you think the last paragraph suggests? What will happen next?
ځ		Who is your favourite character? Why?
Explanation		Why do you think all the main characters are girls in this book?
22		Would you like to live in this setting? Why/why not?
 		• Is there anything you would change about this story?
Ш		• Do you like this text? What do you like about it?
	To develop their knowledge of retrieval through images.	• What kind of text is this?
		• Who did?
		• Where did?
Retrieval		• When did?
ri i		• What happened when?
Ret		• Why did happen?
		• How did?
		• How many?
		• What happened to?
	To retell familiar stories orally	• Can you number these events I-5 in the order thatthey happened?
8	To sequence the events of a story they are familiar with	• What happened after?
Sequence		What was the first thing that happened in the story?
nbg		Can you summarise in a sentence the opening/middle/end of the story?
<u> ب</u>		• In what order do these chapter headings come in the story?
		•Sequence the key events in the story

	Year 2				
	Reading — Word readi	_ J			
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?			
Phonics and decoding	To secure phonic decoding until reading is fluent. To read accurately by blending, including alternative sounds for graphemes. To read multisyllable words containing these graphemes To read common suffixes. To read exception words, noting unusual correspondences. To read most words quickly & accurately without overt sounding and blending.	-Phonics teaching, using Letters and Sounds that is tracked to age related expectations -Differentiated groups, whereby any child below their reading age is having intervention, and where children above expected are being moved onDaily high frequency words, precision folders -Daily individual reading with books appropriate to the reading age of the child after benchmarking which include targeted sounds they are developing and can recogniseStorytelling, songs and rhymes			
Common Exception Words/ HFW	To read YI and Y2 common exception words*, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.	-Hear questions being asked to children throughout reading both whole class and individual.			
Fluency	To read aloud books (closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge), sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation. To reread these books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading. To read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending, e.g. at over 90 words per minute, in age-appropriate texts.				

	Text					
Fic	Fiction		fiction	Poetry		
The Day the Crayons	Meerkat Mail by Emily	10 Reasons to Love a	The Big Book of the Blue	A First Poetry Book by Pie		
Quit by Drew Daywalt	Gravett	Turtle	by Yuval Zommer	Corbett and Gaby Morgan		
Look up! by Nathan Byron and Dapo Adeloa The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch by Ronda Armitage Sam Wu is not afraid of ghosts by Katie and Kevin Tsang	by Joe Todd-Stanton The Proudest blue By Ibtihaj Muhammad		How does a Lighthouse Work? by Roman Belyaev Smart About Sharks Owen Davey The Blue Whale Jenni Desmond	I Am the Seed That Grew the Tree: A Nature Poem for Every Day of the Year Fiona Waters & Frann Preston-Gannon		

	Year 2					
	Reading - Corr	prehension				
Skills	Ob jectives	What should be seen in the classroom?				
Understanding and correcting inaccuracies	To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading. *drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher *checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading	Daily individual reading Daily story time through class reader and at least three time lessons of comprehension Regular comprehension lessons linking to the whole class reading strategies documents.				
Connecting and becoming familiar with texts	becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry *participate in discussion about books, poems & other works that are read to them & those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say					
Non Fiction	being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways					
Poetry and Performance	continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear					

		Question Stems
	*discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings	What does the wordmean in this sentence?
	to known vocabulary *discussing their favourite words and phrases	• Find and copy a word which means
l Ba		What does this word or phrase tell you about?
Vocabulary		Which word in this section do you think is the most important? Why?
/00/		Which of the words best describes the character/setting/mood etc?
		Can you think of any other words the author could have used to describe this?
		Why do you thinkis repeated in this section?
	*making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	•Why wasfeeling?
8	*answering and asking questions	• Why didhappen?
Sus		• Why did say?
Inference		• Can you explainwhy?
_=		What do you think the author intended when theysaid?
		How doesmake you feel?
	*predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so	• Look at the book cover/blurb —what do you think this book will be about?
	far	What do you think will happen next? What makes you think this?
tion		How does the choice of character or setting affect what will happen
Prediction		next?
P		• What is happening? What do you think happened before? What do
		think will happen after?
		What do you think the last paragraph suggests? What will happen next?
ىے	*explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other	Who isyour favourite character? Why?
Explanation	material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for	Why do you think all the main characters are girls in this book?
<u>a</u>	themselves	Would you like to live in this setting? Why/why not?
		Is there anything you would change about this story?
		• Do you like this text? What do you like about it?
	Asking and answering retrieval questions	What kind of text is this?
		• Who did?
		• Where did?
Retrieval		• When did ?
tri:		What happened when?
අ		• Why did happen?
		• How did?
		• How many?
		• What happened to?

8	To discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information	• Can you number these events I-5 in the order thatthey happened?	
	are related.	What happened after?	
enc enc		What was the first thing	
nbə		• Can you summarise in a sentence the opening/middle/end of the story?	
Ŋ		 In what order do these chapter headings come in the story? 	
		•Sequence the key events in the story	

	Year 3			
	Reading — Word readi			
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?		
Phonics and decoding	To use their phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer unknown words). To apply their growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto- to begin to read aloud.* To apply their growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including -ation,-ly, -ous, -ture, -sure, -sion,-tion, -ssion and -cian, to begin to read aloud.*	-Phonics teaching, to the children who did not pass the re-take in Y2 of Phonics screeningDifferentiated groups, whereby any child below their reading age is having intervention, and where children above expected are being moved onDaily individual reading if required		
Fluency Common Exception Words	To read Y3/4 common exception words At this stage, teaching comprehension skills should be taking precedence over teaching word reading and fluency specifically. Any focus on word reading should support the development of vocabulary.			

	Text				
Fic	tion	Non-fiction		Poetry	
The Wild Robot by Peter	Matilda by Roald Dahl		Egypt Magnified by David		A Poem for Every Day of
Brown			Long		the Year
Planet Omar by Zanib Main Amelia Fang and the Barbaric Ball by Laura Ellen Anderson	The Nothing To See Here Hotel by Steven Butler and Steven Lenton		Egypt (See Inside) (Usborne See Inside): I By Rob Lloyd jones and David Hancock		By Allie Esiri A Poem for Every Night of the Year By Allie Esiri

	Year 3			
	Reading - Comp	rehension		
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?		
Understandin 9	*checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context *asking questions to improve their understanding of a text *identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these	Daily individual reading for some Daily story time through class reader 20 minutes whole class reading daily — Monday to Friday Four - 45 minute whole class reading lesson relating to class text. Strategies completed to be taken from the medium term planning.		
Connecting and becoming familiar with texts	*checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context *asking questions to improve their understanding of a text *increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally *identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books *listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks *reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes *participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say *retrieve and record information from non-fiction			
Non Fiction				
Poetry and Performance	*preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action *recognising some different forms of poetry			
		Question Stems		
Vocabulary	*using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read	 What do the words and suggest about the character, setting and mood? Which word tells you that? Which keyword tells you about the character/setting/mood? Find one word in the text which means Find and highlight the word that is closest in meaning to Find a word or phrase which shows/suggests that 		

Inference	* To ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives.	 Find and copy a group of words which show that How do these words make the reader feel? How does this paragraph suggest this? How do the descriptions of show that they are? How can you tell that? What impression of do you get from these paragraphs? What voice might these characters use? What was thinking when?
Prediction	* To justify predictions using evidence from the text.	 Who is telling the story? From the cover what do you think this text is going to be about? What is happening now? What happened before this? What will happen after? What does this paragraph suggest will happen next? What makes you think this? Do you think the choice of setting will influence how the plot develops? Do you think will happen? Yes, no or maybe? Explain your answer using evidence from the text.
Explanation	*discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination *identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning	 Why is the text arranged in this way? What structures has the author used? What is the purpose of this text feature? Is the use of effective? The mood of the character changes throughout the text. Find and copy the phrases which show this. What is the author's point of view? What effect does have on the audience? How does the author engage the reader here? Which words and phrases did effectively? Which section was the most interesting/exciting part? How are these sections linked?
Retrieval	To retrieve and record information from a fiction text.	How would you describe this story/text? What genre is it? How do you know? • How did? How often? Who had? Who is? Who did? • What happened to? • What does do? • How is? • What can you learn about from this section? • Give one example of • The story is told from whose perspective?
Sequence/ summaries	*identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these	 Can you number these events I-5 in the order that they happened? What happened after? What was the first thing that happened in the story? Can you summarise in a sentence the opening/middle/end of the story? In what order do these chapter

	Year 4			
	Reading — Word readi	, J		
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?		
Phonics and decoding	To use their phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer unknown words). To apply their growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto- to begin to read aloud.* To apply their growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including -ation,-ly, -ous, -ture, -sure, -sion,-tion, -ssion and -cian, to begin to read aloud.*	Daily individual reading for some Daily story time through class reader Daily phonics if needed Links to spelling		
Common Exception Words	To read Y3/4 common exception words			
Fluency	At this stage, teaching comprehension skills should be taking precedence over teaching word reading and fluency specifically. Any focus on word reading should support the development of vocabulary.			

	Text			
F	iction	Non-fiction	Poetry	
The Butterfly Lion by Michael Morpurgo Varjak Paw by SF Said The Girl Who Stole an Elephant by Nizrana Farbook	Journey to Jo'burg by Beverley Naidoo The Legend of Podkin One-Ear by Kieran Larwood	A World of Information by Richard Platt	A Poem for Every Day of the Year By Allie Esiri A Poem for Every Night of the Year By Allie Esiri	

	Year 4			
	Reading - Comp	prehension		
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?		
Understandin 9	*checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context *asking questions to improve their understanding of a text *identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these	Daily individual reading for some Daily story time through class reader 20 minutes whole class reading daily — Monday to Friday Five - 45 minute whole class reading lesson relating to class text. Strategies completed to be taken from the medium term planning.		
Connecting and becoming familiar with texts	*checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context *asking questions to improve their understanding of a text *increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally *identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books *listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks *reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes *participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say *retrieve and record information from non-fiction			
Non Fiction				
Poetry and Performance	*preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action *recognising some different forms of poetry			
		Question Stems		
Vocabulary	*using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read	 What do the words and suggest about the character, setting and mood? Which word tells you that? Which keyword tells you about the character/setting/mood? Find one word in the text which means Find and highlight the word that is closest in meaning to Find a word or phrase which shows/suggests that 		

Inference	* To ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives.	 Find and copy a group of words which show that How do these words make the reader feel? How does this paragraph suggest this? How do the descriptions of show that they are? How can you tell that? What impression of do you get from these paragraphs? What voice might these characters use? What was thinking when? Who is telling the story?
Prediction	* To justify predictions using evidence from the text.	 From the cover what do you think this text is going to be about? What is happening now? What happened before this? What will happen after? What does this paragraph suggest will happen next? What makes you think this? Do you think the choice of setting will influence how the plot develops? Do you think will happen? Yes, no or maybe? Explain your answer using evidence from the text.
Explanation	*discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination *identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning	 Why is the text arranged in this way? What structures has the author used? What is the purpose of this text feature? Is the use of effective? The mood of the character changes throughout the text. Find and copy the phrases which show this. What is the author's point of view? What effect does have on the audience? How does the author engage the reader here? Which words and phrases did effectively? Which section was the most interesting/exciting part? How are these sections linked?
Retrieval	To retrieve and record information from a fiction text.	How would you describe this story/text? What genre is it? How do you know? • How did? How often? Who had? Who is? Who did? • What happened to? • What does do? • How is? • What can you learn about from this section? • Give one example of • The story is told from whose perspective?
Sequence/ summaries	*identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these	 Can you number these events I-5 in the order that they happened? What happened after? What was the first thing that happened in the story? Can you summarise in a sentence the opening/middle/end of the story? In what order do these chapter

	Year 5				
	Reading — Word readi	ng			
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?			
	*apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology	Daily individual reading for some			
ट्ट	and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new	Daily story time through class reader			
codi	words that they meet	Daily phonics if needed			
्र च		Links to spelling			
and					
Si					
Phonics and decoding					
<u> </u>					
	T . I + VE / V6 + I !				
น ง ง	To read most Y5/Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences				
Common Exception Words	between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.				
ල් යූ ≥					
30	At this stage, teaching comprehension skills should be taking precedence over				
Fluency	teaching word reading and fluency specifically. Any focus on word reading				
ฮ	should support the development of vocabulary.				

	Text			
Fic:	tion	Non-fiction	Poetry	
Harry Potter and the	High Rise Mystery by		101 Poems for Children by	
Philosopher's Stone by J.K	Sharna Jackson		Carol Ann Duffy	
Rowling				
	The Storm Keeper's Island		The Lost Words by Jackie	
	By Catherine Doyle		Morris and Rovert	
			Macfarlane	

	Year 5				
	Reading - Comprehension				
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?			
Understandin 9	* checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context *asking questions to improve their understanding *provide reasoned justifications for their view	Daily individual reading Daily story time through class reader 20 minutes whole class reading daily — Monday to Friday Five - 45 minute whole class reading lesson relating to class text. Strategies completed to be taken from the medium-term planning.			
Connecting and becoming familiar with texts	*continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks *reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes *making comparisons within and across book *increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions *identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing	Recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices Participate in discussions about books, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously			
Non Fiction	*distinguish between statements of fact and opinion *retrieve, record and present information from nonfiction				
Poetry and Performance	*learning a wider range of poetry by heart preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience				

		Question Stems
		• What do the words and suggest about the character, setting and mood?
Ę		Which word tells you that?
Vocabulary		Which keyword tells you about the character/setting/mood?
ocal		• Find one word in the text which means
>		• Find and highlight the word that is closest in meaning to
		● Find a word or phrase which shows/suggests that
	*drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence	• Find and copy a group of words which show that
		• How do these words make the reader feel? How does this paragraph suggest this?
.		How do the descriptions of show that they are?
nference		• How can you tell that?
nfer 		What impression of do you get from these paragraphs?
		What voice might these characters use?
		• What was thinking when?
		• Who is telling the story?
	*predicting what might happen from details stated and implied	• From the cover what do you think this text is going to be about?
2		• What is happening now? What happened before this? What will happen after?
ictic		• What does this paragraph suggest will happen next? What makes you think this?
Prediction		• Do you think the choice of setting will influence how the plot develops?
		• Do you think will happen? Yes, no or maybe? Explain your answer using evidence
		from the text.
	*identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to	Why is the text arranged in this way?
	meaning *discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative	What structures has the author used?
	language, considering the impact on the reader	What is the purpose of this text feature?
	*explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates,	• Is the use of effective?
tou		• The mood of the character changes throughout the text. Find and copy the
Explanation		phrases which show this.
		What is the author's point of view?
		What effect does have on the audience?
		How does the author engage the reader here?
		Which words and phrases did effectively?
		Which section was the most interesting/exciting part?
		How are these sections linked?

		How would you describe this story/text? What genre is it? How do you know?
		• How did? How often? Who had? Who is? Who did?
		What happened to?
eval		• What does do?
Retrieval		• How is?
<u> </u>		What can you learn about from this section?
		Give one example of
		The story is told from whose perspective?
	*summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph,	• Can you number these events I-5 in the order that they happened?
ce/ ries	identifying key details to support the main ideas	What happened after?
mai		What was the first thing that happened in the story?
Sequence/ summaries		• Can you summarise in a sentence the opening/middle/end of the story?
		• In what order do these chapter

	Year 6			
	Reading — Word reading			
Skills	Objectives	What should be seen in the classroom?		
	*apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology	Daily individual reading for some		
B	and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new	Daily story time through class reader		
codi	words that they meet	Daily phonics if needed		
g		Links to spelling		
Phonics and decoding		20 minute whole class reading daily — Monday to Friday		
<u>.3</u>		-Recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for		
Po		their choices		
۵		-Participate in discussions about books, building on their own and others'		
	T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ideas and challenging views courteously		
2 2 %	To read most Y5/Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences			
Common Exception Words	between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.			
ී කී >				
	At this stage, teaching comprehension skills should be taking precedence over			
Fluency	teaching word reading and fluency specifically. Any focus on word reading			
<u> </u>	should support the development of vocabulary.			

Text					
Fiction		Non-fiction		Poetry	
The Arrival by Shaun	Letters from a Lighthouse			The Raven by Edgar	101 Poems for Children by
Tan	by Emma Carroll	Hurricane Katrina – Non-fiction website		Allen Poe	Carol Ann Duffy
Rooftoppers by Katherine	The Girl of Ink and			There's a Fire in the	The Lost Words by Jackie
Rundell	Stars by Kiran Millwood Hargrave			Forest	Morris and Rovert Macfarlane
Crater Lake by Jennifer Killick	The Island at the End of			The Malfeasance by Alan Bold	The Highwayman by Alfred Noyles
	Everything by Kiran Millwood Hargrave			Ozymandias	The Dreadful Menace
				The Moment by Margaret Atwood	Caged Bird by Maya Angelou

Year 6				
Reading - Comprehension				
Skills	Ob jectives	What should be seen in the classroom?		
Understandin 9	* checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context *asking questions to improve their understanding	Daily individual reading Daily story time through class reader 20 minutes whole class reading daily — Monday to Friday Five - 45 minute whole class reading lesson relating to class text. Strategies completed to be taken from the medium-term planning.		
Connecting and becoming familiar with texts	*continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks *reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes *making comparisons within and across book *increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions *identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing	Recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices Participate in discussions about books, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously		
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		Question Stems	
ภ์		What do the words and suggest about the character, setting and mood?	
		Which word tells you that?	
Vocabulary		Which keyword tells you about the character/setting/mood?	
) oca		• Find one word in the text which means	
>		• Find and highlight the word that is closest in meaning to	
		● Find a word or phrase which shows/suggests that	
	*drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with	• Find and copy a group of words which show that	
		• How do these words make the reader feel? How does this paragraph suggest this?	
o o	evidence To discuss how characters change and develop through texts by	How do the descriptions of show that they are?	
enc	drawing inferences based on indirect clues.	• How can you tell that?	
Inference	an arrang and a disease success of a area of contract.	• What impression of do you get from these paragraphs?	
		What voice might these characters use?	
		• What was thinking when?	
		Who is telling the story?	
	*predicting what might happen from details stated and implied	• From the cover what do you think this text is going to be about?	
2		• What is happening now? What happened before this? What will happen after?	
lictic		• What does this paragraph suggest will happen next? What makes you think this?	
Prediction		• Do you think the choice of setting will influence how the plot develops?	
		• Do you think will happen? Yes, no or maybe? Explain your answer using evidence	
		from the text.	
	*identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to	Why is the text arranged in this way?	
	meaning *discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader	What structures has the author used?	
		What is the purpose of this text feature?	
		• Is the use of effective?	
tion		• The mood of the character changes throughout the text. Find and copy the	
Explanation		phrases which show this.	
		What is the author's point of view?	
		What effect does have on the audience?	
		How does the author engage the reader here?	
		Which words and phrases did effectively?	
		Which section was the most interesting/exciting part?	
		• How are these sections linked?	

		How would you describe this story/text? What genre is it? How do you know?
		• How did? How often? Who had? Who is? Who did?
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eval		• What does do?
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ie.		What can you learn about from this section?
		Give one example of
		The story is told from whose perspective?
	*summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph,	• Can you number these events I-5 in the order that they happened?
Sequence/ summaries	identifying key details to support the main ideas	What happened after?
uena		What was the first thing that happened in the story?
Seg		• Can you summarise in a sentence the opening/middle/end of the story?
		• In what order do these chapter